THE ALABAMA ELECTION AND THE MOBILE RIOT. MOBILE, Ala., Aug. 9.-The political campaign in this State has just closed by the election of four of the Republican nominees to Congress. There has been a great exertion on the part of the Democracy to carry every district, not only by a legitimate and open canvass, but by threats and intimidation of Republican speakers and voters, and in many cases by actual vioience and bloodshed. On the day of the election in this, the Pirst, as in other districts, the colored men, in many places, were driven from the polls by armed men, who swore they should not vote unless they east the Democratic ticket. This, together with the operation of our defective registration law, cost the Republican party thousands of votes in this district. In the Seventh Ward of this city, in which there are some twenty-five hundred voters, mostly colored, and where, on the day of election, there were three boxes opened, by systematic management on the part of the police and the extra deputy-sheriffs, who were Democrats, and the most of them bitterly hostile to the blacks, the process of voting was much retarded. Scores of colored electors were denied the right to vote because spectors at the polls falsely told them their names were not to be found upon the registration lists. When, in many cases, they found by examination of the lists on file at the Court-House that they had been properly reg fstered, it was found to be too late to east their ballots. Again, colored men were arrested for the most trivial ofnses, or for none at all, by these officers of the law, and locked up, so as to prevent their voting. None of the Democrats who made disturbances at the polis were arrested. One or two policemen picked quarrels with colored voters, and at one time during the day, in the Seventh Ward, a serious riot was imminent. This was taken as a pretext for Engine Company No. 8, whose house was lo cated near the polis, to run out a cannon loaded with nails and other material at hand for the purpose. They brought this gun to bear upon the crowd at the polls, and threatened the masses of colored men, in order to carry out their designs of infimidation; yet, strange to say, no one was arrested or brought to answer by the authorities in any way for this extraordinary demonstration. The Mayor and his force, including most of the Deputy Sheriffs, were very active in behalf of the Democratic party throughout the day. At night, when the polls closed in this ward, hundreds were shut off from voting for want of time, many of whom had labored for hours to get an opportunity to deposit their ballots. After the result of the election was known, a meeting was called for the night of the 5th inst., at the corner of Government and Royal-sts., to celebrate the Republican success in this district. Immediately the opposition began to make loud-mouthed threats of a riot if such a meeting should do their duty, and quite a number of them were wounded in their attempts to quell the riot. When all was be attempted, swearing that they would break it up. &c., and many threatening personal violence upon prominent members of the party. To preserve the peace the Mayor, in justice to him be it said, took the precaution to sum-mon his entire available force, and to have a detachment of troops from the U.S. barracks in readiness subject to his orders. The meeting was held, and after several very conservative and conciliatory speeches were made-such as no one did and could object to, as being exciting, or effensive to the most fastidious Demoa white man on the outskirts of the crowd, where were assembled a large force of the Democracy of the city, discharged a pistol. Of course many of the colored people, as well is the rioters, were armed, because vio-lence had been threatened them; and this pistol-shot. supposed to be the signal for attack, being followed by rs, with shouts for the late opposing candidates on either side in a minute's time brought on a general firing, which ended at last in the deaths of some and the eding of others, and the scattering of the crowd. Colored men, after the riot, were hunted throughout the gity; and two at least were shot down a long distance from the scene of the riot. The police seemed to try to over; the military perambulated the streets, and thus ended the second desgraceful riot in this city which was even more disastrous than the so-called Kelly riot in 1867. Strange to say, no coroner's inquest was held over the bodies of the dead, so far as I can learn; and, as yet, no man is known to have been arrested, although it seems to be well known who discharged the first shot. No legal investigation has been instituted to fix the responsibility of the riot where it belongs, but all has been left to the Democratic press here to hash up as the several editors think best, and thus by their incendiary articles to, if possible, renew the riot by working upon the "canaille" of the city to hang and shoot car t-baggers at the instigators and the blacks as the riot

Well, the hemp has been grown that will hang some of these fellows (carpet-bargers) or the bullets are east that will get rid of them with less trouble. They, and not the negro, ought to suffer. Once rid of these rascals, there would be harmony between the two races; and it really would be something worth rejoicing over if they were made to disappear without noise or riot.

The Delive Resister of the same date says:

rs. The Spirit of the Times of the 7th instant says:

The Daily Register of the same date says: There are dozens of miscreants in this city who have seeparded the safety of our wives and children. If a burglar enters a man's house at midnight, he not only has the safety of the law to kill him, but he merits and reburgiar enters a man's house at midnight, he not only has
the sanction of the law to kill him, but he merits and receives the plaudits of society; but here we have a gang
of villains who inflamed the passions of thousands of
barbarians and then put firebrands and arms in their
hands and ordered them to burn and slay. Is the whole
community to forbear beyond the individual in defense
of his home and family! The crime is the same, why
should not the punishment be the same! These derits
have forfetted their lives to the majesty of a community,
whose lives and property they have put in hourly peril.
If they were all hanged to-day, justice would be vindicated and the safety of society secured. We do not wish
to have a hair of the heads of the poor and miserable
negro dupes of the conspirators harmed. But their instigators to murder deserve all the punishment.

In The Daily Tribune of the 6th we have the following:

In The Daily Tribune of the 6th we have the following As it is a few negroes only have lost their lives when hundreds had placed themselves in a position where they might have been slaughtered within the pale of the moral law, and where the statute law could not protect them. Since the riot has been forced upon us the regret is, not that so few negroes were killed, but that the white secondrels who incited them were permitted to escape. Again, The Register of the 8th says:

Again, The Register of the Sth says:

The latter (white men) have come to the stern conclusion that this sort of deviliry shall not be repeated with impunity, and if those carpet-baggers are ambitious of daugling to lump-posts, all they have got to do is to turn loose their infuriated wild beasts once more in a public riot. The public patience is exhausted, and the injunction "let us have peace" will be enforced with a terrible retribution on those who disobey its mandate.

Ah, the same old growt of the wolf up the stream to

the lamb below. It is true that to-day there is in process of organization is body of men in this city for the purpose (so far as can be determined) of driving all prominent white Republicans from the city, or of murdering them if they insist in remaining here. The follow ing in The Register of the 6th is only one of severalhints to such an organization which have been thrown out in our daily press :

In the present exasperated condition of the public In the present exasperated condition of the public mind, we enjoin prudence as a necessity for the peace of society and the triumph of right over wrong. Individual passionate outbreaks will do harm and harm only. When the people speak and act, they must do it mithoritatively. This caution is especially to be heeded by the handful of corpet-baggers in the community. Let them beware of the last feather that breaks the camel's back.

The conclusions to be drawn from the above extracts seem to be, that in case a Republican meeting is held at sany time in the future the Chivalry will bring about a criot as a pretext, and then murder the prominent Repub-Ricans in the city, for no one can point out a case of riot or bigodshed in this city instigated or perpetrated by the Republicans. What they may have done in the late riot has been done in self-defense. There is organizing a reign of terror here. For some time the daily papers have been teeming with such incendiary appeals as are contained in the above extracts; and still no one of these editors has been brought to task for inciting riot, and no one of them will be troubled by the authorities here, whatever may be written or published by these journals. There are a larger number of men here, who class themselves as Democrats, who did not vote in the late elections, and who do not indorse the incendiary articles of The Democratic press; but they cower like whipped Thounds under the lash of John Forsyth's diatribes, and do not dare speak or act in opposition to the dictates of

Is it not a singular fact that the only persons killed in the late riot are colored men ! It is the same old story. It is regarded as a crime against the high-toned chivalry of the South to hold a Republican meeting. The Democ wacy can hold public meetings, fire cannon, denounce all white Republicans as villains, scoundrels, and robbers. who should be summarily disposed of without trouble or Fiot, and The Register and The Tribune will go into ecstasy over the reports of such glorious occasions; but to hold a Republican meeting, and to allow freedmen to congregate, is a crime against society (1) inciting to riot, and the heads of carpet-baggers and scallywags must pay the forfeit of all consequent disturbances!

POLITICAL MOVEMENTS IN MISSISSIPPI.

CANTON, Miss., Aug. 10 .- A mass-meeting of The Radical Republicans assembled in the Court-House in this city last Saturday. The court-room being too small to accommodate the large number who attended, the meeting adjourned to the open air outside. This being done, Justice Spelman, Chairman of the County Executive Committee, called the meeting to order, and intro duced Gen. Henry W. Barry. The General commenced to speak, but had not proceeded far when he was disturbed by a band of music which had taken possession of the interior of the Court-House and commenced to play for the purpose of breaking up the meeting. This band | pany.

was in the employ of the Conservative Republicans, better known, probably, as Democrats. Gen. Barry, better known, probably, as Democrats. Gen. Barry, however, continued to speak, though at a great disadvantare, more than half of the people being unable to hear a word he said. During his speech, the General had occasion to refer to the course pursued by John C. Breekenridge while he was Vice-President of the United States, when three cheers were called for and given by the Conservatives for Breckinridge. These were followed immediately with three cheers for Judge Dent. At this stage of the proceedings it was apparent that a serious row was brewing, so the Chairman adjourned the meeting at the Court-House to a grove outside of the city limits. This precautionary measure prevented bloodahed, as both parties were heavily armed. The meeting at the grove was not molested, and after Gen. Barry had completed his speech he was followed in an earnest and eloquent address by Judge Morris, editor of The Republican of Vicksburg. This county will give a large majority against the Dent and Breckenridge party next November. It is thoroughly organized, and is one of the few counties that gave a Republican majority during the reign of terror last year. Col. Moorman, who figured quite prominently in the Dent movement in Washington, recently, is the Sheriff of this county. He was confined at his home with sickness on the day of the meeting. His deputies made no effort to quell the disturbance. Col. Moorman aspires to be Lieutenant-Governor on the Dent ticket. He served in the Confederate Army during the war, with distinction, and is one of the few men of that class in this State who were brave enemat to accept the situation, and give their support to the Congressional plan of reconstruction. however, continued to speak, though at a great disadvan

Indianapolis, Aug. 10 .- Already there is a canvassing of men, and a casting about for a suitable Democratic candidate for Governor at the next election This is very early, but the Democracy are confident that their streak of ill-luck has played out, and that the next turn of the wheel will leave them on top. Of the candidates spoken of the Hon. M. C. Kerr of New-Albany, and the Hon. Daniel W. Woorhies of Terre Haute, are most prominent. Daniel has declined, it is true, but with the example of Seymour before us. it is possible that he may be induced to run, especially as his "honor" is not involved. Mr. Kerr is a very popular, as well as a talented man, who has made a creditable record in Congress. He is the gentleman who is entitled to the credit of attempting to break up the infamous Sons of Liberty conspiracy, inside of the party, and before the conspirators fell into the hands of Morton, Carrington, and the Military Commission. As soon as Mr. Kerr became aware of it he came post-haste to Indianapolis, and used his personal influence to stop the conspiracy. He had not the moral courage to denounce the assessins to the Government, but he threatened to do so if they did n't-suspend operations. The Hon, Joseph E. McDonald, who made the race against Morton in 1864, and was beaten by a trific of 20,000 votes, has pretty much abandoned politics, and devoted himself to the practice of the law. He is at present kicking up his heels on the Pacific slope, and writing letters to The Sentinel. Mr. McDonald acquits himself creditably as a newspaper correspondent. But he has had some experience in letter-writing. His "lucid interval" letter some years since made him famous, and gained him the mortal enmity of Judge Perkins. Hendricks would probably make the best race, but he has an eye on the Presidency or Vice-Presidency—the latter, I believe, as our Indiana politicians have concluded that there is life enough in the Pendleton party to prevent before us, it is possible that he may be induced to run, ye on the Fresidency or Vice-Presidency—the latter, I elieve, as our Indiana politicians have concluded that here is life enough in the Pendleton party to prevent lendricks from getting the nomination, and that thee ill run Hancock at the head of the ticket, and Pendly-na the tail.

Perhaps it might be interesting to The Tribune read-ers to hear something of the celebrated Sons of Liberty conspiracy. Milligan is at Huntington, as gangrened and ers to hear something of the celebrated sons of thorety conspiracy. Milligan is at Huntington, as gangrened and victous as ever. He still considers himself a first-class martyr, nurses his grievances and his wrath, and enjoys to its fullest extent "the luxury of wee." I do not think he has entirely abandoned the idea of getting up a successful revolution. He is thoroughly soured at his party because they do not sufficiently sympathize with his grievances. Dodd is some where in Michigan attending to railroad husiness. He has been back once since his escape from the Post-Office bastile. His stay was short. The Government didn't offer to molest him, but his creditors were excessively troublesome. Bowles is at his country seat of French Lick Springs, quiet and semi-imbecile. His wife recently obtained a divorce from him, and \$20,000 almony. French Lick Springs, a popular watering place, will have to be sold. Horsey is in Morton County, and has made no sign since his release from the Penitentiary at Columbus. He never had more than half sense, and it would have been a great pity to hang so great a fool. Heffen (State's evidence) is in Salem, in a condition of chronic alcoholism. Humphries (who was acquitted) is in Greene County, trying to collect a judgment of \$30,000 accorded him by the Sallivan Circuit Court against the parties who arbitrarily arrested him. Bingham, who turned State's evidence, is in this city, editing The Sentinei.

THE UNION LEAGUE OF THE U. S. The Philadelphia Ledger of the 13th has the

following:

"The Executive Committee of the Union League of the United States held a meeting in this city on Wednesday afternoon. Among those in attendance were Gov. Geary, ex-Gov. W.-A. Newell of New-Jersey, Gen. Tarbell of Mississippi, J. M. Schermerhorn of Buffallo, N. Y., C. W. Goddard of Brooklyn, Mr. Quick of Texas, Mr. Rich of Maryland, Messrs. Gwinner, Keeler, Jennings, and McQuaid of Pennsylvania, and Messrs. Pinckney, Alexander, McWaters, Beeny, and Baker of New-York City. Gov. Geary, as Chaffman of the Committee, made an address of welcome to the members. A paper on the state of the Union Leagues throughout the country was read by the Secretary, Mr. Thomas G. Baker. A committee was appointed to prepare an address to the Leagues throughout the Union. The charter of the State Council of Mississippi was revoked, and Mr. A. Wygate was appointed a special commissioner to reorganize the Order in that State. During the meeting addresses were made by members from different portione of the country, relative to the condition of affairs politically. The future time and place of the meeting of the Committee are to be determined hereafter."

A Nashville, Tenn., dispatch of Aug. 14 says: following:

A Nashville, Tenn., dispatch of Aug. 14 says: "The election of United States Senator by the next Legislature is exciting general interest. Emerson Etheridge and Andrew Johnson are the most prominent prespective candidates. It is understood that The Banner wil take grounds strongly against Mr. Johnson."

The name of Mr. Emerson Etheridge having een mentioned as a candidate for Speaker of the Ten nessee Senate, that gentleman has published a card to say that in no event will be consent to the use of his name for the place. Mr. E. is understood to have aspirations for a seat in the United States Senate as the suc. cessor of Mr. Fowler.

A Richmond dispatch of the 14th says: "It is stated on good authority that Gen. Cauby will, within ten days, issue his proclamation convening the Legislature, applying the iron-clad oath to the members; and when a member elect cannot take the oath, his seat will be given to the candidate who received the next highest vote."

OBITUARY.

ADOLPHE NIEL, MARSHAL OF FRANCE. In the death of Marshal Niel, which a cable telegram has announced, France has lost one of her most experienced soldiers. He was born at Muret Haute Garonne, in 1802, and at the age of 21 entered the Ecolo d' Application at Metz. He became lieutenant in 1827, d'Application at Metz. He became lleutenant in 1827, and entered on a military career during which he has shared in nearly all the important military movements of the French army, and has seen in his lifetime five sovereigns upon the throne of France. During the Algerian war he distinguished himself at the capture of Constantine, and received promotion for his services on that occasion. In the expedition to Rome in 1849 he acted as Chief of the Staff of Engineers, and rendered such valuable services that he was appointed a General of Brigade and sent on a mission to Gaeta to carry the keys of the city to the Pope. The Russian war next offered an opportunity for the employment of his abilities in military engineering operations. He commanded the engineers at the capture of Bomarsund, then ment of the Crimea and reported upon the condition of abilities in military engineering operations. He commonded the engineers at the capture of Bomarsund, then went to the Crimea and reported upon the condition of the army and the state of the siege of Sebastopol, and finally took command-in-chief of the Engineers and directed the siege. Soon after the final assault he received the Insignia of the Grand Cross of the Legion of Honor, and was created a Senator in 1857, and about this time wrote a work entitled the "Siege of Sebastopol." He received the command of the Fourth Corps of the Army of the Alps at the commencement of the Italian war, and after the victory of Solferino, in which the artillery played so important a part, he was appointed a Marshal of France. In 1867 Marshal Niel was appointed Minister of War, and retained that position during the late change in the Cabinet. His administration of military affairs was characterized by vigor-and ability. In a short time he succeeded in removing the disadvantages under which the French army labored, and rendered it equal if not superior to any force in Europe in point of arms and consistently sustained the policy of the Emperor, and, although openly opposed to Frussian ascendancy in European politics, he yielded to the Emperor's decision against war. One of his latest measures as Minister of War was the intimation of his desire that no non-commissioned officer should be promoted to the rank of officer after the age of 28. This regulation was intended to secure greater efficiency in the army, as it was based on the opinion that the cases must be rare in which a man having served in the ranks for eight or nine years without having been marked as fit for a commission would make an efficient officer.

SUICIDE OF A FENIAN LEADER.

Gen. Wm. J. Nagle, identified with the Fenian movement, committed suicide at 7 a. m. yester-Fenian movement, committed suicide at 7 a. m. yester-day, by throwing himself from a second story window of his parents' residence, No. 89 Madison-st. During the early part of the war Gen. Nagle was a captain in the Englay-eighth Regiment, which formed part of the Irieh Brigade. In 1863 he became interested in the Fenian cause, and it is supposed that disappointments and trou-bles connected with it brought on somementallaberration. He was lately appointed as clerk in the Tax Commission-ers' Office. An inquest will be held to-day by Coroner Flynn. Warren and Costello have issued a call to the Presidents of Iriah Societies to meet at Sweeney's Hotel this evening to arrange for the funeral of General Nagle.

BIRTHDAY OF NAPOLEON FIRST. A number of French residents celebrated the

pirthday of the old Napoleon yesterday at Curet's restaurant, No. 764 Broadway. More properly speaking, it was rant, No. 764 Broadway. More properly speaking, it was a dinner to Mr. G. Torrilhon by his friends of this city. Among the guests was a soldier of the Grand Army of the First Consul, and who followed him in many campaigns. A magnificent bouquet was presented to Mr. Torrilhon by the Delmonicos. The banquet lasted six hours, and during its progress songs and speeches filled up the time to the evident satisfaction of all parties interested. In response to the toast, "Washington and Lafayette," a very graceful speech was made by Mr. Torrilhon, which was enthusiastically received by the company. OUT-DOOR SPORTS. YACHTING.

THE NEW-YORK YACHT CLUB CRUISE. NEW-BEDFORD, Aug. 14 .- The fleet left Newport yesterday morning in fine style and with a good breeze, the Eva leading, followed by the Phantom, Palmer, Anna, Elaine, Coming, Calypso, Fleur de Lis, Josephine and sloop Drift. The morning was beautiful, and as the yachts sailed out in a body with their immense white sails filled, and the sun shining upon them, they presented a splendid appearance. After getting outside the harbor they took a good wind from the southeast which sent them rapidly along on their course. Opposite the residence of Mahlon Sands, which is situated posite the residence of Mahlon Sanda, which is situated near the shore, and at whose house the yachtmen were entertained on Thursday evening, each yacht fred a gun and dipped its colors to the ladies of the house, who responded by wavingh anderchiefs, etc. The wind continued good and soon brought them opposite Clark's Rock without materially changing their positions. At this point the contest ceased, the yachts passing in the following order: Sloop Elaine, 2:57 o'clock'; schooner Phantom, Palmer and Eva at 3 o'clock precisely: sloop Coming, 5:50; schooners Calypso, 3:40; Fleur-de-Lis, 3:45; sloop Drift, 3:50; and schooner Josephine, 4:10. Their arrival was entirely uno'clock precisely; sloop Coming, 5:29; schoolers Calypso, 3:40; Fleur-de-Lis, 3:45; sloop Drift, 3:50; and schooner Josephine, 4:10. Their arrival was entirely unexpected by the inhabitants or authorities here, no notice of their intended visit having been forwarded. As soon as their arrival was finade known, however, a sainte of thirty-six guns was fined by the authorities, which was duly responded to. In the evening there was a fine display of fireworks in the town, and also on most of the yachts. Their reception here has been most cordial. The yacht Idler was unable to leave Newport with the fleet, but left there this morning at 2 o'clock, reaching here at 8. She was joined by the Magie, which left Newport yesterday afternoon, but on account of the wind dying away, last evening, she was obliged to anchor. The yacht Josephine, went over to Holmes's Hole this morning, where the sloop Madeline, and one or two others, are awaiting the arrival of the fleet, which will join them this afternoon. Commodore Stebbins expects that there will be about fifteen yachts there, which is as large a fleet as he has ever succeeded in bringing so far East. There may be a regatta there, although no arrangements have been made for one, as yet.

EXCURSION REGATTA. EXCURSION REGATTA.

The Brooklyn Yacht Club will give an excursion regatta on the 21st inst, to be sailed in two classes, for a pennant, the gift of the Commodore. The course is from the Club-house, foot of Court-st., Brooklyn, to and around Buoy No. 2, thence to stake-boat off Bath Hotel. The first boat arriving at that point, of each class, to take the prize. The squadron will then anchor, when the members will go ashore and participate in a clam-bake.

ROWING.

Robert Peach, the Battery oarsman, has challenged John Blue to row him a ten-mile race from the Battery around Robbins's Reef, and return. A year ago these parties rowed over the same course for a purse of \$200, Blue winning with great ease and in very good

REGATTA OF THE COLUMBIA BOAT CLUB. The annual regatta of the Columbia Boat and will be held on Wednesday over the course of the Hudson River Rowing Association.

REGATTA AT GOWANUS BAY. REGATTA AT GOWANUS BAY.

On Thursday a regatta, open to all yachts, will come off at Shot Branch, Gowanus Bay. Mr. Frank Bates has offered as a prize a splendid silver vase, valued at \$50. The start will take place from Delaplaine February at the print of the print

MUTUAL VS. STAR.

The return match between these nines was played at the Union Grounds, Brooklyn, on Saturday, and proved a very close contested and interesting game. At the close of the fifth innings the Stars had scored 15 to the Mutuals 14, and at the end of the sixth the score stood 17 to 15, in favor of the Stars. From this point the fine fielding and splendid batting of the Mutuals because their score steadily up, and ended the game with brought their score steadily up, and ended the game w four runs in their favor. The following is the score : STAR. DATTING. PIRLDING.

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NOTES. The Atlantics and Eagles played on Satur-

day, the former winning by a score of 55 to 21.

The Ancients and Youthfuls played a muffin match on Saturday at Hudson City. Score—Youthfuls, 52; Ancients, 21. The Arlingtons of this city played the Moni-

tors of Sing-Sing on Thursday, at the latter place, and beat them by a score of 36 to 21. The Harmonics of Brooklyn and the Quick-

steps of Staten Island played at Brighton on Saturday, the Harmonics winning. Score, 39 to 23.

The Keystone Jr. Club desire to receive challenges from junior clubs in New-York, Brooklyn, or any of their suburbs, to play for the Junior Championship.

The Eckford Base-Ball Club of Brooklyn arrived at Chelination Saturday, and played a game with the Buckeyes of that city in the afternoon. The game was peerly played. The score was—Eckfords, 37; Buckeyes, 16. The Eckfords will play the Red Stockings

CRICKET.

The St. George Club of this city, and the Mountain Club of Orange, N. J. played their return game on Saturday, when the St. George won by a score of 212 to 72. The play throughout the game was rather indifferent, although individuals on either side distinguished themselves by excellent fielding and heavy batting.

The Paterson and the New-York Cricket

THE GETTYSBURG BATTLE-FIELD.

THE PROPOSED REUNION OF THE VETERANS-DISTINGUISHED VISITORS EXPECTED.

Major-Gen. Slocum has arranged to meet the officers of his old command (Tweifth Corps) on the battlefield at Gettysburg on the 24th and 25th insts. His line embraced Culp's Hill, where acres of forest trees are now dead and dying from the effects of that terrible musketry It is rumored that Greene's Brigade will rebuild their lines of breastworks as the most appropriate landmark of their position. Gov. Geary of Pennsylvania, who commanded a division of Slocum's Corps, will meet him on the field. Major-Gen. Wright, the old Sixth Corps commander, whose troops arrived at Gettysburg in the nick of time on the evening of the second day's engagement, after 35 miles of continuous marching, will arrive at Gettysburg via Washington early in the week. Major-Gen. Newton, the commander of the First Corps, after Reynolds's death, will join the party, and be present to establish the positions of his command during the second and third day's battles.

Gen. Graham, whose command contested so desper-

ately with Gen. Banksdale for the possession of the Peach Orchard, and who was severely wounded and captured on the field, has telegraphed throughout the country and received favorable responses that his staff and line officers will almost unanimously meet him there. Gen. Ward, whose command opened the second day's engagement at the Devil's Den, and Major-Gen. Ingalis and Gens. Dickinson, Tremaine, Lock, and Majors Bullard and Cooney of the staff, will be of the

tysburg and Hanover Branch Railroads will pass officers tysburg and Hanover Branch Railroads will pass officers on the production of the Secretary's invitation. Officers should present their invitations at the ticket offices of other railroads which will also be supplied with lists of those invited. To further facilitate the presenting of free tickets, officers invited can apply to Edwin A. Souder, Director of the Gettysburg Battle-field Mounorial Association, Dock-st., Philadelphia, and to Col. John R. Batchelder, No. 59 Beekman-st., and to Military Headquarters, Houston-st., who will aid in procuring them tickets from the West, the North-West, and South-West. Free travel is expected over the roads connecting with the Pennsylvania, the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago, and the Pittsburgh. Cincinnati, and St. Louis Roads. The Baitinger and Ohid Road has not yet offered travel, but excursion rates. Lists of Southern officers will be sent excursion rates. Lists of Southern officers will be sent to the Washington ticket office. Officers should, in all cases, preserve and produce to railroads the invitations from the Secretary.

GENERAL NOTES.

An ill-natured Frenchman has invented a toy which he calls the grimaetiscope. You place the carte de visite of a lady friend in the apparatus, and she appears distorted in a thousand hideous ways, the innumerable combinations of the kaleidoscope being successfully applied to the art of making ugly one's fellow creatures.

A quack doctor, who recently occupied the District-Attorney's hotel room at New-Bedford during instemporary absence, used up all the attorney's blank indictments under the liquor nuisance to wrap his bottles of physic, leaving only a couple of blanks for larceny. The lawyer was naturally indignant at this proceeding, and, with the concurrence of the Grand Jury, proposes to devote one of the two remaining blanks to the quack's service. The Germans continue their enforcement of

the Sunday law in Pittsburgh. They have held a meeting to select men to look out for the different street rallroads, and one of the speakers said: "the sole purpose the society wishes to reach is the extremest observance of the Sabbath, so that all classes of citizens would be equally compelled to bear its advantages and disadvantages." The courts are already full of cases growing out of violations of the law. The valuation of Boston for the present year

has been nearly completed by the Board of Assessors. The increase in real estate from last year will not be far from \$40,000,000, against an increase of about \$18,000,000 last year over the preceding twelve months. Ward Five shows the largest addition to its real estate the amount footing up between \$5,000,000 and \$6,000,000 more than in 1808. Ward Four comes next. Roxbury boasts a gain of \$9,000,000 in its real estate.

The crop of Malaga raisins last year was the greatest ever realized, amounting in the aggregate to 1,950,000 boxes. The yield the present season did not promise se well at last accounts, and it was thought that it would be one-third less than that of 1868. All of the old crop had been shipped from Spain except about 20,000 boxes, which would soot find a market. This fine fruit is shipped to all parts of the world, and generally obtains a ready market wherever introduced. The north-west provinces of British India

ecently suffered grievously from want of rain; in the north-east provinces great distress has been caused by too much water. The fill of rain has surpassed anything within the memory of 'the oldest inhabitant." The rice crop has been almost svept away, and the price of the great article of Indian food has become so high that the people are unable to bu, a sufficient quantity, and a sub-scription has been got u) in their behalf.

The passengers on an express train, about 100 miles north of Dayten, Ohio, were startled by hearing the alarm whistle for "down breaks." The train stopped in safety, when the following conversation ensued between a beatiful country lass and the conductor: "Mister, will you please take this basket down to Mr. Benham!—he's the express agent at Dayton!" "Yes, Miss," replied the obliging conductor, "but please never stop my train again, unless you are certain there is danger ahead—remember that."

A stone, about three by four feet square, and six or eight inches thick, has been quarried near Salamanca, having on its top an impression of horse's hoofs, one impression of an ox's hoof, two marks of a dog's foot, and one impression of the naked left foot of a manthe ball of the foot and several of the toes being very distinct. The stone is very hard, and resembles blue clay, or potter's clay, in colst. The bottom is covered with a coating of greenish moss. The stone has been sent to be deposited in the State Museum of Natural History at Albany.

The proposition to change the Divorce Law is being freely discussed in Washington. As the law now stands, conjugal infidelity is the only cause for which now stands, conjugal indelity is the only cause for which the Courts of the District are authorized to dissolve a matrimonial contract freely made without fraud. The law proposed authorizes divorce in the discretion of the Chancellor for other causes. This law was introduced into Congress last Wister, but it at once met with oppo-sition, which will probably be kept up as a change is not deemed very desirable, and especially the sweeping change proposed. There is on exhibition in Washington, D. C.,

a curiosity in the shape of a fish head. The fish is known as the "Bonnaconda," and was caught in the Amazon as the "Bonnaconda," and was caught in the Amazen river, South America, by George Malcolm O'Neill, commander of the Second Battalion, Peruvian Royal Army, on the 16th of May, 1867. The head is well preserved, and is thirteen inches long from the gill to the tip of the mouth. In the upper jaw there are two sharp teeth, about half an inch long, and the lower jaw contains a similar tooth, while each side of the jaw contains long rows of teeth. In resemblance its nearest approach is to the alligator of our Southern waters.

The North-German Correspondent says: "The

phabitants of Durrenstein and the neighborhood are living a life of constant dread. Near the castle which tration points out as the prison of Richard Cour de Lion, whole granite cliff has begun to slide downward, and it is expected from day to day that the vast mass of roc will be precipitated ever the road into the Danube. Thighway is closed from 8 o'clock in the evening till o'clock in the morning, and during the day every own wine wishes to pass is given to understand that he does at his own risk. Mr. Soloh, a well-known engineer, engaged on works which are intended to diminish as munas possible the destractive effects of the catastrophe."

A man in the dress of a workman was lately walking in the streets of Berlin with a packet in his hand, sealed and inscribed with an address, and a note hand, sealed and inscribed with an address, and a note that contained 100 thalers in Treasury bills. As the bearer appeared to be at a loss, he was accosted by a passenger who asked nim what he was looking for. The simple countryman placed the packet in the inquirer's hand and requested that he would read the address. The reply was made with an agreeable surprise, "Why, this letter is for me! I have been expecting it for a long while." The mesenger upon this demanded to thalers for the carriage of the packet, which was readily paid, with a liberal addition to the porter. The new possessor of the packet hastened to an obscure corner to examine his prize; but, on breaking the seal, found nothing but a few sheets of paper, on which was written, "Done!"

The Coroner's jury in St. Louis have found that the death of an infant daughter of Mr. Westfal of

that the death of an infant daughter of Mr. Westfal of that city was caused by the administration of an overdose of morphine by a physician. The child being ill,
the parents called Dr. J. A. Hensley, a homeopathist, to
treat it. Subsequently the mother dispensed with Dr.
Hensley's services, and during the three days following
employed several allopathic physicians. Dr. Hensley was
afterward called again and finding the child crying gave
the mother three powders with directions to give one
and to repeat the dose if the child did not sleep soundly.
The first one had the desired effect, but as the child did
not awake after several hours the mother became alarmed
and called in the Doctor. Restoratives were administered
without success and the physician left the house taking
the remaining powders with him. The parents caused
an investigation which resulted as above.

There is still preserved at Corning. Adams that city was caused by the administration of an over-

There is still preserved at Corning, Adams County, Iowa, the oil printing press of the Franklin patent first used at Alton, Ill., by Elijah Lovejoy, who was murdered by a fissouri mob for advocating antiwas murdered by a Missouri mob for advocating anti-Slavery principles. The mob threw the press and other office fixtures into this Mississlppi River. It was subsequently fished out said taken to Indiana, where it was used for several years in the publication of a newspaper. Thence it was taken to Iowa about the year 1846, and was used several years in the publication of The Iowa Senti-nel, a Democratic newspaper at Fairfield. In the Winter of 1858-9, it was purchased by D. N. Smith, and removed to the then new town of Corning, where, under the con-trol of L. Raguet, now of The Boons County Democrat, it did service in the publication of a neutral paper called The Corning Sentinei. It is still in a good state of preser-vation, but not now in use. It was built in Cincinnation 1835.

At the last neeting of the Bethnal-green Board of Guardians a letter was read from the manager of the Eastern Branch of the London and Westminster Bank, stating that a £5 note paid in by the guardians to Bank, stating that a £5 note paid in by the guardians to their account had been presented at the Bank of England and payment refused on the ground that they had a disputed claim for it, and also on account of its dilapidated condition. The history attaching to the note in question was a very peculiarone. It had been found by an inmate of the Bethnal-green Workhouse in a pair of braces purchased by him from another pauper in the house, and the braces having been washed previous to the discovery of the treasure, the rote was, of course, in a very ragged condition. The guardians claimed the note toward the man's maintenance, and directed the master to take it to man's maintenance, and directed the master to take it to

tioned as to the whereabouts of the wife, and his story was of a very contradictory character. An examination was then made, under the instructions of Coroner Warren, of Chosser's boarding-house, which resulted in the accused being committed for trial without bail.

PERSONAL.

Vice-President Colfax and party arrived at

San Francisco on Friday evening. The joint Congressional Committee on Re trenchment and Reform, with their wives and friends en route for San Francisco, reached Chicago on Saturday evening, and will resume their journey on Tuesday

Mr. J. E. Owens (comedian) and wife, Mr. W. H. Bowditch (agent for Florence, comedian) and wife, and Mr. E. R. Wiggins of Boston, are at the Westmoreland Hotel.

Messrs. Sing Man and Choy Chew visited Mr. S. Leiand at the "Roohelle gesterday. They were a companied by ex-Gov. Hahn of Louisiana and severa gentlemen of this city. They will go to Long Branch to day. On Saturday they visited Brady's National Phetograph Gallery, and were the aubjects of several different sittings.

Messrs, P. B. S. Pinchbeck and C. C. Anthony (colored), State Senators of Louisiana, arrived in the City in Saturday, and are stopping at Mr. Bell's residence, to 543 Broome-st. Both these gentlemen held captains No. 543 Broome-st. Both these gentlemen held captains: commissions in the United States Colored Volunteer infantry, and both were members of the Constitutional Convention of Louisiana. Mr. Pinchbeck was also a delegate to the Chicago Convention. Mesars. Pinchbeck and Anthony addressed the congregation of the A. M. E. Zion Church yesterday evening.

Señor Roberts, the Spanish Minister, and Enrique Valles of the Spanish Legation, are at the Albernarie Hotel. Senator Spencer of Alabama is at the Everett House. Baron Krause, Secretery of the Prussian Legation, and Lieut E. L. Amory, U. S. N., are at the Brevoort House. The Hon, James F. Wilson, and the Hon, Grouville M. Dedge of Iowa; Gen, J. R. Chalmers, Memphis; Gen. E. M. Law, South Carolina; Cel. J. B. Finlay, Pennsylvania; Dr. W. E. Johnston, Paris, and S. Medbary, Ohio, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel. Judge E. R. Meltvaine of Ohio is at the St. Denis Hotel. The Hon, Galusia A. Grow, Pennsylvania; Col. Dickens and Col. Longden of the British Army; Paymaster Cunningham, U. S. N., and Gardiner G. Hubbard, Boston, are at the Fifthave. Hotel. A. B. Muilett, Government Architect, and ex-Mayor Fargo of Buffallo, are at the Astor House. Capt. Kaliusky and Capt. Bouniakofsky of Russia are at the Hoffman House. Señor Roberts, the Spanish Minister, and

THE COIT EXCURSIONISTS.

A party of gentlemen belonging to Worcester. Mass., about a year ago, formed an organization to enjoy a pleasure-trip. They have assumed the name of the Coit Excursion Party, a title which some may think arbitrarily adopted, but which does as well as any other Their initial trip last year was so successful diat they have repeated it this year: and, in fact, it is so popular that it will be impossible hereafter to discontinue it, even should the original projectors be so disposed, of which, however, there is not the least likelihood. The officers who are in charge of this enterprise, and to whem so much credit is due for the success which has attended it, are: George R. Peokham, president; William C. Barbour, and George A. Barnard, vice-presidents; Geo. W. wheeler, treasurer; Wm. Mecorney, clerk; Henry Glazier, steward. The party this year numbers 269, and the vossel which conveys them "round the world for sport" is the very commodious and capacious steamboat The City of New-London, Capt. Brown, commander. This boat the party has chartered at a cost of \$1,000 for the eight days they purpose being on their travels; the captain and crew, for the time being, areat the morey of the excursionists, and gojust wherever directed. The boat is fully equipped and provisioned for an eight days' cruise, is provided with every means of enjoyment, and has even a regular chapian on board, the Rev. G. J. Sanger of Webster, Mass. The party left Worcester on Wednesday inst, proceeded by rail to Norwich, Conn., where they got on board, their chartered craft, and put in for the first time at New-Haven, where they passed the night. On Thursday morning they came on 10 this city arriving about 9 a. m. At 4 p. m. they started up the Hidson, and stopped over night at West Point, where they saw all that was to be soon; among other things, the cadets went through their artillery drill and other exercises in their presence and in special compliment to them. Leaving West Point at 11 s. m., they came to Hudson at 5 p. m. Hern the authorities contemplated a public reception, which was only frustrated by the unexpected arrival of the party. A private citizen, George H. Brown, showed them unusual attention, sending his teams to convey them to places of interest, and otherwise accommodating them every Their initial trip last year was so successful that they have repeated it this year; and, in fact, it is so popular that it will be impossible hereafter to discontinue it, even

INTERESTING DISCOVERY NEAR BURLINGTON. N. J.

One of that class of discoveries through the agency of which geologists have pretty generally dis pelled the illusion so long cherished of men that the earth was constructed upon a homocentric system—that it was constructed upon a homocentric system—that it was created primarily for the comfort and convenience of the human tribe, has just been made upon the grounds of the Vincentown Marl Company, located about 12 miles in a direction south-easterly from Burlington City, N. J. Some workmen, while digging the foundation for a projected building, came over a number of fossils, the remains apparently of some of the huge monstroattles which inhabited this planet at the opening of the tertiary period. These fossilized relics, are said by men of science to be those of a mastdom, a large fish and a mammalia of a race of monsters which were most numerous at about the period at which the earth began to get it for the habitation of man. Among these were found a grinder tooth fourteen inches in circumference, four inches in breadth, and notwithstanding the loss of weight which its age and surroundings must have effected, is two pounds in weight. It is now in possession of Mr. J. S. Cook, the Superintendent of the works of the Marl Company. It was white when first taken from the earth, but a few hours exposure to the air made it black. A bone, eight feet in length, and as many inches in diameter, was also taken out. Exposure to the air made this so brittle that it broke when handled. Mr. Cook also found a tooth of a shark, three inches long, and a number of other curlosities, As soon as these discoveries became noised about, the grounds were visited by a number of scientific gentiemen. These found a number of a swordfish. Prof. Thomas also visited the ground, among other things, the rib of a whale and the snout of a swordfish. Prof. Thomas also visited the ground, among other things, the rib of a whale hade and the snout of a swordfish. Prof. Thomas also visited the ground, among other things, the rib of a whale hade and the snout of a swordfish. Prof. Thomas also visited the ground, among other things, the rib of a whale pace have been found. The search cannot proceed without further interesting discoveries being made. was created primarily for the comfort and convenience

MARINE DISASTER.

The bark Quindaro, (of Pictou), Capt. Moron, hence for Arica and Hollo, March 31, when off the river Platte experienced a succession of heavy gales from orth-west to south-west, which lasted 15 days. June north-west to south-west, which lasted 15 days. June 13, latitude 41, south, longitude 51, during a heavy north-west gale, was boarded by a sea, which stove bulwarks, carried away stancheons, water casks, &c., and split plank shear for about 30 feet, causing the vessel to leak badly. Finding the manumast also defective, was obliged to put back to this port for repairs; has had since light winds and calms. July 7, latitude 6, south, longitude 34.36, spoke brig Bessel, (N. G.), from Buenos Ayres for St. Thomas; same time passed a white painted bark, bound south, with letters P. P. in foretopsall, and No. 34 in main. Aug. 3, latitude 28.31, longitude 67.17, saw brig Morning Light of New-Haven, steering north-north-west.

MAYBAUM, THE DEFAULTER.

On Saturday Detective Fischer of the Newark Police returned from a trip to Montreal, Canada, where he succeeded in finding Moses Maybaum, the man who

general and the Devites Jenn, and Majors Bullard and County of the General Particles of the General Lands they had a substance of the County o

being off the track from one to four times during every ride, as has been my hard experience. The time-table issued by the company is a marvel of ingenuity, and must have been made out by the Company's Eugineer, while he was in that buggy, for no two cars are according to this time-table to be at the "turn-out" at the same time, while they all are required to meet at the hours and half-hours at the Second-ave. where there is but a single track and no turn-out. "Why is this thus." Mr. Engineer, or Mr. Randal? An answer will oblige almost as much as would better wheels and a track that will keep the cars on it for a portion of the trip, at least.

Newark, N. J., Aug. 13.

THE FENIAN FUND-A CARD FROM MR. BARR. To the Editor of The Tribune.

SIR: In answer to the article in your issue of this day, touching the Fenian fund, I wish to state that you have been misinformed. I have received nothing from that fund. I was directed by his Honor Judge McCunn, when he appointed me Receiver, to deposit the whole sum in the Irish Savings Bank to abide the final decision of the Court. I have deposited the same pursuant to the order. I will state further that the only sum paid out of the funds in my hands was \$1,000, granted to Mr. O'Mahony individually, to cover his alleged disburse-ments, and \$1.800, by consent of counsel, to Mr. Page, the counsel for O'Mahony. Other applications were made to Judge McCunn for counsel fees and disbursements by other litigants, and he peremptorily refused. New York, Aug. 14, 1809. Thos. J. Bark, Receiver.

WHISKY SEIZURES IN PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 15 .- During the past week revenue officers selzed the distillery of Samuel Mountjoy, with 7,500 gallons of whisky. For a reason the eizure was kept quiet for several days. It is alleged that there is a quarrel in regard to the affair between the Government detectives and local officers. Mountjoy is said to be at the head of whisky frauds here, and to have, by comivance with the Government Storekeeper, pand only a tax on every second barrel of whisky manufac-tured by him. The Storekeeper has fled to parts un-known. The Government officials announce their deter-mination to push the prosecution in this case.

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION. ANNAPOLIS, Md., Aug. 15 .- On Saturday night

an attempt was made to assassinate Thomas J. Bryce, as old resident of this city, aged 85 years, at his residence. Mr. Bryce is very feeble and lives retired with two servapts, formerly his slaves, to take care of him. Two wounds were inflicted on the left side of the head, each an inch long. No clue has been obtained to the would be LOW WATER IN THE SCHUYLKILL

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 15 .- Owing to the long

ntinued dry wenther the Schuylkill River has dwindled to a small stream and causes a great scarcity of water in the city. Over 200 canal boats are stuck in the mud bet tween here and Norristown. It is feared if the firy spei-continues the supply of water in the city will fail en-tirely.

GENERAL NEWS BY TELEGRAPHH. The National Labor Congress will meet mladelphia to-day. Eusign English died at Fortress Monroe

yesterday on board the United States steamer Gettys burg.

....The body of Charles Moore, an upholsterer, formerly a member of the Massachusetts 24th Regiment, was drowned in the Chenange River on Friday.

.... "Reddy the Blacksmith" has started from San Francisco for New-York, under the escort of two police officers.

.... A boy named John Sullivan, in attempting to get on an Eric train, on Friday, near Binghamton, fell, and had his left arm severed by the car-wheels. He ran home, a distance of a quarter of a mile. The side-wheel steamer Silver Spray and

the propeller Comet collided near the mouth of St. C River, on Lake Huron, on Friday. The Silver Spray s in 15 minutes after she was struck. Her passengers crew were brought to Port Huron by the Comet.The buildings of the Boston Dessicated

Codfish Company, in Philadelphia, were totally destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss, \$50,000. Insurance unknown. The building was also occupied in part by Huntingdon & Co., corn starch manufacturers, and Mesers. Baum & Conway, steel umbrella spring manufacturers. The latter firm lose \$18,000. Catharine McArdle died yesterday while cook.

Bridget Day, age 35, fell off the rocks yesterday in Second-ave., near Sixty-ninth-st., and was dan-gerously injured.

Francis Edwards of No. 11 Vandewater-st., and Patrick Sullivan of No. 69 Cherry-st., were arrested for having in their possession a quantity of burglars' tools. They were committed by Justice Mausifeld.

HAVANA, Aug. 15, -The following is the WEST INDIA MARKETS.

Havana, Aug. 15.—The following is the closing report for the weak ending yester(ay: Sugar—Hayorts of the weak, from Havana and Malanas to fureign ports, 22,000 boxes, 2,400 hbds; to United States perta, 250,000 boxes, 2,000 hbds. The market closed flat with a declining tendency. Nos. 10 to 12 DS are quoted at 6267 rails, and Nosa 15 to 20 at 9;200; reak per arrobe. Flour firm, at 20,000 to 10 to 10 DS are quoted at 6267 rails, and Nosa 15 to 20 at 9;200; reak per arrobe. Flour firm, at 20,000 to 10 to 10 to 20 at 9;200; reak per arrobe. Flour firm, at 20,000 to 10 to 20 at 10 to

DIED. BERRY-in Brooklyn, on Friday, Aug. 13, Capt. Wm. C. Berry, in the

ton-ave. near Classon ave.

BISSETT—In Bridgeport. Coon., on Saturday, Aug. 14, of lung fever,
Mary E., solf child of Robert D. and Elias Bissett, aged 5 years. 6
mouths, and 16 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend
the fameral from the residence of her grandmather. Mrs. Mary M. Bissett, No. 131. Concord-at., Brooklyn, on Moniar, the 16th inst., at 24
of clock.

BRADBROOK-On Sunday, Aug. 15, Gustavus G. Bradbrook, in the

BRADBROOK—On Sunday, Ang. 15, Gustavus G. Bradbrook, in the 30th year of his age.

Notice of funeral in Tuesday's paper.

COWPERTHWAITE—On Saturday, Ang. 14, Catharine, widow of Joh Cowperthwaite, in the 75th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the residents of her sider, Mrs. Wyant, No. 304 Degraw-at., Brookiva, this Monday afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

Cincionall papers please copy.

DUNCAN—At Irvington. on the Hudson, on Saturday, the 14th inst., Jane, widow of John Duncan, in the 76th year of her age.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services on Wednesday, the 18th inst., at 4 o'clock p. m. Hudson River railroad trains leaves Thirtisherts. at 2.30, returning leaves Friengton at 513.

FERRIS—On Friday, Aug. 13, Janes Ferris, in the 78th year of his age.

Its age.

Its age. at Through Nock. Westchester (Co., on Monday near, Aug. 15, set 12 o'clock nous. Carriages will be in westing at Williams Bridge, on the arrival of the 910 train from Teendy-sixthest.

PROTHINGHAM—At New-Milford, Penn., on Friday, Aug. 13, sher a PROTHINGHAM—At New-Milford, Penn., on Friday, Aug. 13, sher a PROTHINGHAM—at New-Milford, Penn, on Friday, Ang II ofter a briefillness, Irving, youngest son of Margaret and Win. Prothingham. Funeral from the house at Washington Heights, on Tuesday, at II colored a

KRILET-At Cornwall, Orange Co., N. T., on Saturday Aug. 14, Carrie L., infant daughter of William and Mary L. Kriler, aged 3 months and

11 days.
LEE-At Bolton Lake George, on Thursday, Aug. 12, of congestion at the brain, William Henry Lee, youngest child of Stephez G and Georgiana Lee, aged 5 rears and 4 mouths.
The remains were intered in Greenwood.

McDONALD—On Sunday, Aug. 15, Catharine Amelia, daughter of the late Philip L. McDonald, aged 22 years and 13 days. The funeral will take place at Belford, Westchester Co., on Tuesday afternoon, Aug. 17, at 3 o'clock. The four-rat will take place at Belliotic, we detensive Co., on I messay afternoon, Aug. 17, at J o'clock.

PORTER—At Montelair, New Jersey, Sonday morning, Aug. 15, Roland, infant son of Thomas and Anna C. Porter, aged 6 menths and 8 days. The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his parents, in Montelair, on Montay atternoon, at J o'clock. ROMER—On Friday, the 13th test, Elliss, wife of Henry Romer, in the 66th year of her age.

The funeral will take place from the M. R. Church at Pleasantville, on Monday, the 16th inst, at 2 o'clock p. in.

SHEPARD—On Friday Ang. 13, of cholera infantum, Plarence Vanter-bit, only child of Elliott F. and Maggie 1V. Shepard, aged I mostla and 5 ders.

bilt, only child of Elliott F. and Maggle IV. Shepard, aged T means and Says.

Faneral services will take place at No. 459 Fifth are, on Monday afternoon, the 16th inst., at 3 o'clock. Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend.

SPROULL—On Saturday, Ang. 14. Encline Dickson Sprendl, daughtes at the late Jeremiah and Sarah D. Sproult.

Relatives and friends of the family, and those of her brother John J. Relatives and friends of the family, and those of her brother in-law. Heavy Terhune, No. 244 West Fortynish-st., on Monday at 2 o'clock p. m.

Special Motices.

Ninth Assembly District Union Republican Associa-tion.—A regular mostly meeting of the above Association will be held to Lebagos Hall, No. 10 Ablegdon-square, on MONDAY EVENING, lag 16, at 8 o'clock. Issae S. Corretter, Sec. GEO, KEYSEK, Press. The Great Family Paper.

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NOTICE.
The Cable of the above Company will be opened to the public for measure to the public for the publi The Cable of the above Company will be opened to the public for measures between America and Europe on an Alex SUNDAY, 15th August, until further notice.

The tarif to be charged on a message between New York. Boston, Duxbury, and intermediate stations, and Franje or Great Britain and Ireland, will be Seven Dollars and Fift Casts in gold for ten words, and Seventy-five Centa in gold for each additional word; all words seet, including address and signature, being charged.

Messages will be received at the Office of the Company, No. 11 Nessan at, corner Pine, and at those of the Franklin Telegraph Co. and the Ocean Telegraph Co. and the Sean at, corner pine, and at those of the Franklin Telegraph Co. and the Company will extend to the public the advantage of conting five flares or to letters as one word—charging double for secret messages composed of only numerals or groups of letters not forming dicharary words. Messages received day and night at No. 11 Nessan-at. 13th August, 1869.

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door mas. Any one having use of the lands can propel and grids them Having no use of the bands, any child of 5 years can push a grown person about. Invalids Carringes to order. State your case and send stans for circular. STEPHEN W. SMITH, No. 30 Williamest, New York PRICE AMERICAN and BUROPEAN PATENTS.